

# WEEKLY JOURNAL-MINER

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FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

## SALVATION OF NATION RESTS IN YOUTH

### Plan To Make Them Country's Defenders

COMPULSORY TRAINING FOR THOSE BETWEEN 18 AND 21 YEARS OF AGE IS SUGGESTED BY GENERAL SCOTT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—General Scott, chief of staff, today told the house military committee that the country must have an army of from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 men or in the event of war accept disaster. He reiterated Secretary Garrison's view that if the continental army plan failed there could be no escape from compulsory service.

General Scott said that, under a service system which laid a burden alike on all men between 18 and 21 as a public duty, an adequate army can be maintained for what is now paid for a small standing army.

He believed it unnecessary to provide more academies to train officers for an army of an additional 500,000 men.

"Our organizations, as far as they go, compare favorably with the troops of any foreign power," said Scott. A school of training is desirable but not practical because of lack of control by the federal government, the general thought.

The administration plan as a measure of self-defense, he said, was not proposed in anticipation of war. He believed that the organization of a continental army would not interfere with recruiting for the National Guard because the two forces would appeal to different classes of men. He added that training of the continentals would produce better soldiers than does the National Guard system.

Universal military service in some form in the United States, possibly a requirement that all men between 18 and 21 years of age be given at least six months' training as a substitute for a volunteer system, was also discussed before the house military committee by Scott. He told the committee that the United States would need an army of nearly 2,000,000 men in event of war. It developed during the hearing that there are more than 4,000,000 men in the country between 18 and 21 and that 700,000 more reached 18 annually.

### DILLON GETS DECISION

MEMPHIS, Jan. 10.—Jack Dillon of Indianapolis, won the decision over Dan (Porky) Flynn of Boston, in their eight-round bout tonight.

### COPPER

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Electrolytic, \$23.50 and \$24.25.

## WITNESS CLAIMS HE WAS PAID FOR SILENCE

By Associated Press.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 10.—Charles E. Eklund, the state's star witness in the murder trial of Frederick Price, a local business man, repeated on the witness stand the story he told when he was arrested on a joint indictment with Price in which Eklund said Price murdered his third wife to obtain her money and paid Eklund for his silence.

## Supreme Court Decision Hard Blow For Patent Medicine Manufacturers

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—After ten years of legislation and litigation, the Supreme court decided that congress finally enacted a constitutional law regulating statements regarding the curative effects of medicines in interstate commerce. Justice Hughes rendered the decision. It is expected numerous actions against drug concerns will follow.

The decision held that the Sherley amendment, enacted in 1912 struck precisely at mis-statements in labels and circulars accompanying medicines.

## TO PUT DEFENSE PLANS BEFORE PEOPLE FROM THE STUMP

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—President Wilson may accept a number of invitations to make speeches as a means of getting the administration national defense plans directly before the people and thus aid in getting them through congress.

The president has received several invitations to speak at meetings here and at Baltimore and New York within the next month. Other invitations are known to be coming.

High officials indicated that the president might embrace this opportunity to lay the proposed defense plans directly before the people.

As soon as the present submarine controversy is cleared he will devote his entire attention to getting the defense plans through congress.

## CAPITAL ENTRY DEFERRED BY CARRANZA

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The restoration of Mexico City as the seat of the Mexican government has apparently been indefinitely postponed. Advice to the State department and Mexican embassy indicate that Carranza will remain for weeks and probably months at Queretaro, as his headquarters. Military and civilian chieftains of the de facto government have gathered at Queretaro for a general conference. General Obregon is among the arrivals. It is expected that announcement of a new cabinet will follow the conference.

## Mysterious Fire At Submarine Base

By Associated Press.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 10.—A fire of mysterious origin caused several thousand dollars damage to docks, coal pockets and store houses of the new United States submarine base on the Thames river, north of here, late tonight. Officers in charge of the navy yard are reticent concerning the details.

## Watch George Turn Over In His Grave

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Plans for mass meetings throughout the country on Washington's birthday to protest against "unnecessary preparations" by the United States, were launched during the closing session today of the convention of the woman's peace party.

## CRISIS PAST IN YOUNGSTOWN DISORDERS

OPERATIONS ARE RESUMED BY SHEET TUBE COMPANY AND MILITIA ORDERED HOME.

By Associated Press.

YOUNGSTOWN, Jan. 10.—County officials expressed the belief that the strike crisis has passed. Operations were resumed by the Youngstown Sheet Tube Company and the four regiments of the National Guard were ordered home. General Organizer Flynn, of the American Federation of Labor, charged that the rioting of last week was a scheme to depress the value of the stock of the Youngstown Sheet Tube Company so a merger of independent steel interests could be effected.

## EXPLOSIONS ARE REGARDED AS SUSPICIOUS

By Associated Press.

WILMINGTON, Jan. 10.—Following an explosion today at the DuPont plant at Carney's Point, N. J., in which three were killed, two mills blew up at the upper Hagley yard here. In one of the latter accidents a workman was slightly burned. The three explosions in one day caused unusual activity by the DuPont secret service and police department in a search for possible clues indicating "outside influence."

## TAFT HOPES FOR UNIVERSAL PEACE

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 10.—Ex-President Taft in a formal statement given to the newspapers yesterday for publication, makes the point that the representatives of the business interests of the country are giving their support to the proposals of the League to Enforce Peace, of which he is president. Mr. Taft also commends the idea of a league of American republics which was put forth last week at the Pan-American Congress, as one which looks toward the creation of a world-wide league of nations, such as is contemplated by the Taft league.

Mr. Taft's particular reference is to the referendum vote of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, announced in last Wednesday's papers, which was in favor of a plan for the establishment of a permanent world peace at the close of the present European war. This plan in its essential features is identical with that of the League to Enforce Peace. Mr. Taft's statement in full follows:

The vote of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States in favor of the proposal to put economic and military pressure behind international arbitration treaties, which has just been announced from Washington, pledges the hearty support of a great body of American business men to a definite and rational plan looking toward the establishment of permanent world-peace at the close of the present European war. The 282 commercial bodies, constituent members of the national chamber, which spoke in this referendum, represent every portion of the United States and must be taken as expressing the judgment of the business interests of the country.

These business organizations by their vote declared that they wish to see an international conference held for the purpose of defining and enunciating adequate rules for the protection of life and property on the high seas; that they favor the es-

tablishment of an international judicial court for the determination of justiciable questions, and of a council of conciliation for non-justiciable questions; that they wish to have the United States enter into an agreement with other nations to bring concerted pressure to bear upon any one of their number which might resort to military measures against another nation without first submitting its difference to the court or the council, and, if economic pressure was not sufficient to compel the offending nation to desist from its attack, to use concerted military force in compelling it to desist; and, finally, that they want to see frequent international conferences held for the progressive amendment of international law.

As these proposals are in substance practically identical with the platform adopted by the League to Enforce Peace in its conference held in Philadelphia in Independence Hall last June, the officers of the league are deeply gratified by the overwhelming endorsement that has been given to them. The distinctive feature in the proposals, both of the national chamber and of the league, is that the sanction of economic pressure and of military force shall be put behind an international agreement for peaceful settlement. The attainment of international peace has been the dream of centuries, but it can not be more than a dream, until a way is found of putting the collective power of the nations behind an agreement to arbitrate.

The proposals of the League to Enforce Peace definitely provide the necessary sanction. The third article stipulates in terms that both economic pressure and military power shall be used by the signatory nations against any one of their number that goes to war or commits acts of hostility against another of the signatories before any question arising shall be submitted to the tribunals which are provided.

This has appealed to the business men of the country as an effective

## Method Of Expressing Principles Is Delaying Lusitania Settlement

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The difficulty of agreeing upon details is delaying the final Lusitania settlement. The German ambassador and Secretary Lansing conferred today and later it was said no final agreement was reached, although the outlook is encouraging. While the principles involved are virtually agreed upon, it was learned that until a method of expressing these principles, satisfactory to both sides is found, announcement of a settlement will be withheld. The wording of the tentative proposal submitted by Germany is inadequate in certain respects.

## Truckee Is Having A Real Snow Storm

By Associated Press.

TRUCKEE, Cal., Jan. 10.—One of the worst snow storms in years, which set in last night, continued today, drifting the snow to a depth of eight feet on level ground. Eighteen feet is the depth reported on the summit of the mountain.

## RIGHT KIND OF "BULL" (From Tuesday's Daily.)

I. C. Brite of Maria, Texas, was an arrival last night, the attraction being the convention of the Arizona Cattle Growers' Association. The visitor is not only an advocate of well-bred stock but represents interests which are growing hereford cattle in large numbers. Many hundreds of Hereford "40" bulls have already been introduced in this State with resultant benefit to the industry.

## REPORT PREMATURE

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese minister to the United States, announced that the reported assassination of Tuan Chi-jui, former minister of war, at Peking, is erroneous.

The business men represent only one of many influential bodies of opinion to which the League to Enforce Peace has made a strong appeal. The recent International Peace Congress in San Francisco embodied the league's proposals in its platform with the same modification only, which was made by the committee of the chamber of commerce. A plan that can command hearty support from two groups, separated as widely as the International Peace Congress and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, must be a plan of unusual breadth and of strong, sane appeal. That it is such is also indicated by the fact that ex-Senator Root, in a notable address made in Washington the other day, as president of the American Society of International Law, endorsed our main proposal. Secretary of State Lansing, in his discussion of the Pan-American League supports the broad principle we advocate. A league of nations in the Western hemisphere would be a definite, and, I think, a long step toward a league of nations in both hemispheres.

The support which is coming to the league from so many directions, and especially that which the business men of the country are giving, confirms its supporters in their confidence that its platform will exert a large influence in the re-organization of the world which men are going to insist shall take place at the end of the European war.

## TRAFFIC HUNG UP BY BIG STORM IN SIERRA NEVADAS

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 10.—Transcontinental freight service is entirely suspended and passenger traffic is badly hampered by a fierce storm in the Sierra Nevadas.

The Southern Pacific is getting its overland passengers through, but the Western Pacific has been unable to break through the snow in Feather River canyon, although train No. 2 left Quincy early today and preceded by rotary, is slowly creeping west.

The Southern Pacific is able to get its passengers through but only after a great effort and with the aid of all the snow fighting machinery available. Overland passenger trains were brought over the mountains with the aid of two and three engines with a rotary preceding each train. All valley lines are open.

## POWER PLANTS OF IMPERIAL ARE SOLD

By Associated Press.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., Jan. 10.—W. F. Holt, of Redlands, who established all public utilities in Imperial valley, has disposed of his electric power plants, transmission lines and electrical railway in Imperial and Coachella valleys to the Southern Sierras Power Company of Riverside, it was announced today. The deal involves a monetary consideration of approximately \$1,500,000. The gas plants at El Centro, Imperial and Brawley, and real estate, valued at \$500,000 are retained by Holt.

## Long Distance Air Messages Exchanged

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The flagships of the Atlantic and Pacific fleets were in radio communication today across 2,500 miles of intervening land. The battleship Wyoming, near Cape Henry, reported to the navy department that messages exchanged with the cruiser San Diego at Guaymas were strong and easily read.

## French Drop Bombs On Bulgar Capital

By Associated Press.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A dispatch from Saloniki says a flotilla of French aeroplanes dropped bombs on Sofia, causing considerable damage. There was indescribable panic among the inhabitants of the Bulgarian capital.

## WINTER IS NO BAR TO NATIONS AT WAR

### Fighting On All But Russian Front

MONTENEGRINS AND AUSTRILIANS ARE BATTLING IN SNOW WAIST DEEP; FRENCH REPULSE FOUR GERMAN ATTACKS.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—While the Russian front is calm, there has been severe fighting in the other war theatres. The Austrians, despite waist-deep snow, have advanced their positions at several important points on the Montenegrin fronts and are proving themselves the equal of the Montenegrins in mountain fighting.

The French repulsed four German attacks in Champagne. The Germans, however, have retained their foothold in two places in French advanced trenches.

The British en route to relieve Kut-el-Amara, met with Turkish forces which were compelled to retire after heavy fighting.

Petrograd says Czernowitz is calm, due to huge losses and the resultant demoralization of the Austrian army. This is evident from an estimate in a Hungarian newspaper that the losses on both sides in the Besarabian battles exceed 175,000. This is more than the total British losses in the Dardanelles campaign. Aeroplane skirmishes is the chief event on the Saloniki front. The Germans thus far have lost six aeroplanes at Saloniki.

### Transport Sunk.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—The sinking of a transport loaded with Allied troops, after the final evacuation of the Gallipoli peninsula, is reported here today by Constantinople.

The British had reported that the evacuation was attended with absolutely no loss, but the Turks declare that they inflicted heavy losses and captured nine guns.

The definite failure of the allied Dardanelles campaign aroused wild joy in Constantinople.

### New Commander.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Sir Percy Lake has been appointed to the command of the British forces in Mesopotamia in place of Sir John Nixon, who is returning home on account of ill health, according to an announcement made this afternoon by Austen Chamberlain in the house of commons.

### Would Force Greece In.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Greeks from the United States, Canada and several countries of Europe met in congress here today and declared in favor of Greece abandoning her attitude of neutrality and joining the Allies.

## WOMAN ON TRIAL FOR MURDER OF HUSBAND

By Associated Press.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 10.—The jury was completed today in the trial of Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr and two negroes charged with murdering the woman's husband, C. Franklin Mohr, a prominent physician of Providence and Newport. Efforts to have Mrs. Mohr, who is charged with being an accessory before the fact, tried separately, failed.